

UT/E01

Synthesized UHF Hand-Held Transmitter



Featuring Digital Hybrid Wireless[®] Technology (US Patent 7,225,135)

CE 1313 !

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General Technical Description

Introduction

The UT/E01 handheld transmitter uses state-of-the-art wireless technology with a high-powered output and a unique microphone capsule arrangement. The VariMic™ preamp allows the user to custom-tailor the microphone's response to suit the application.

Three capsules are available for this transmitter: a cardioid condenser, an omni condenser and a super-cardioid condenser. Each capsule assembly comes complete with the VariMic™ preamp.

In addition to providing peerless audio quality in native 400 Series mode, the Digital Hybrid Wireless™ technology in the UT transmitter allows compatibility with a wide range of receiver types, and IFB.

Digital Hybrid Technology

All wireless links suffer from channel noise to some degree and all wireless microphone systems seek to minimize the impact of that noise on the desired signal. Conventional analog systems use compressors for enhanced dynamic range, at the cost of subtle artifacts (known as "pumping" and "breathing"). Wholly digital systems defeat the noise by sending the audio information in digital form, at the cost of some combination of power, bandwidth and resistance to interference.

The Lectrosonics Digital Hybrid Wireless™ system (hereafter called Digital Hybrid) overcomes channel noise in a dramatically new way, digitally encoding the audio in the transmitter and decoding it in the receiver,

yet still sending the encoded information via an analog FM wireless link. This proprietary algorithm is not a digital implementation of an analog compressor but a technique which can be accomplished only in the digital domain, even though the inputs and outputs are analog signals.

Because it uses an analog FM link, the Digital Hybrid enjoys all the benefits of conventional FM wireless systems, such as excellent range, efficient use of RF spectrum, and long battery life. However, unlike conventional FM systems, the Digital Hybrid has done away with the analog compressor and its artifacts.

Digital Signal Processor

The DSP encodes the digitized audio from the A-D converter and adds an ultrasonic pilot tone to control the receiver's squelch (only in 400 Series, 200 Series and IFB compatibility modes with the pilot tone enabled – see *Pilot Tone Squelch*). It also controls the input limiter and audio metering.

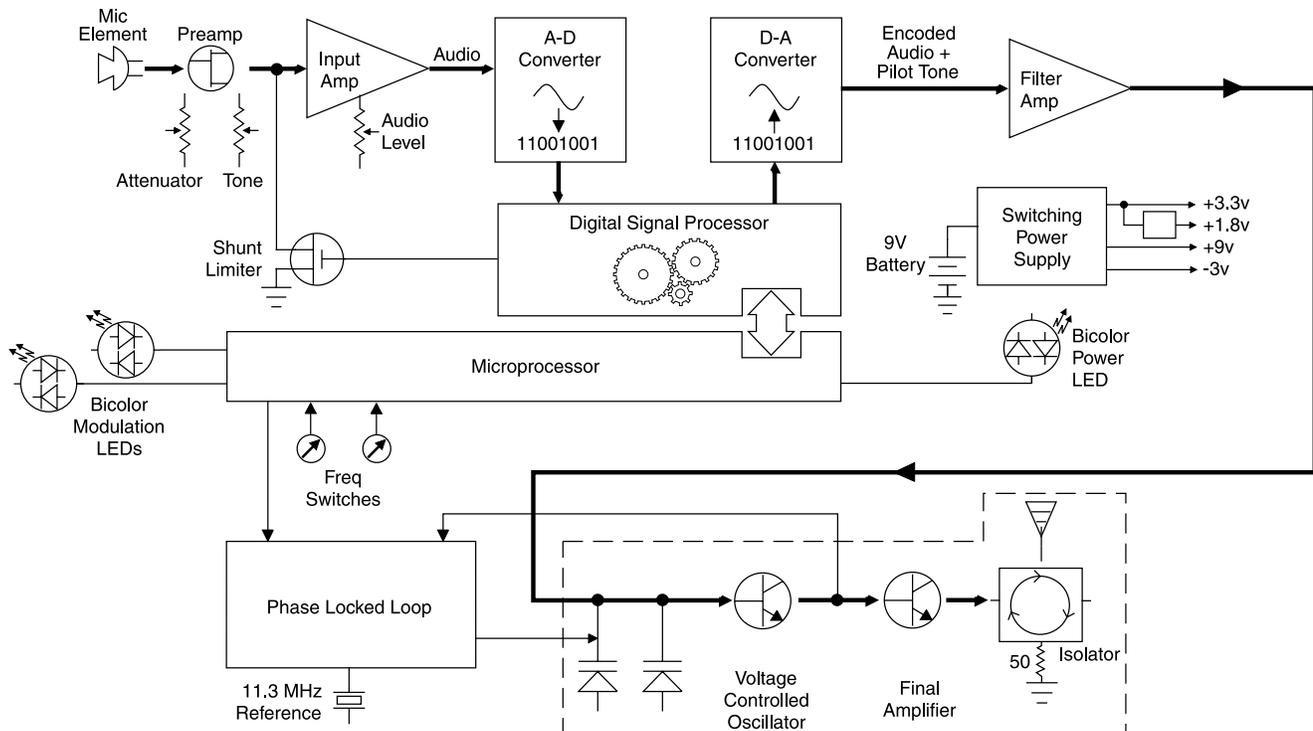
Microprocessor, PLL and VCO Circuits

An 8-bit microprocessor monitors numerous internal signals. It also drives the Modulation LEDs, controls the pilot tone and operates the PLL/VCO circuits.

Compatibility Modes

The transmitter was designed to operate with Lectrosonics Digital Hybrid Wireless™ receivers and will

UT Block Diagram



yield the best performance when doing so. However, due to the flexibility of digital signal processing, it is also able to operate with Lectrosionics IFB a

Pilot Tone Squelch

The benefit of the pilot tone squelch system is that the associated receiver will remain muted until it receives the pilot tone from the matching transmitter, even if a strong RF signal is present on the carrier frequency of the system. All Digital Hybrid transmitters use one of 256 different ultrasonic tones between 25 and 32 kHz to modulate the carrier to operate the receiver squelch. The pilot tone frequency is chosen according to the frequency switch setting. This ensures that all transmitters in a system have different pilot tone frequencies so that even spurious RF from unintended transmitters can't open the receiver squelch.

Wide-Band Deviation

In the Digital Hybrids, ± 50 kHz deviation dramatically improves the capture ratio, signal to noise ratio and dynamic range of a wireless system.

Input Limiter

A digitally-controlled limiter and a precise, 16-position attenuation control allow a very wide range of gain settings based on the source volume, thus optimizing the signal-to-noise performance in any situation. The result is the widest dynamic range of any wireless condenser microphone today.

Long Battery Life

Switching power supplies throughout the design allow over 3.5 hours of operation using a single 9 VDC alkaline battery. (A 9 volt LiPolymer rechargeable battery will provide about 4 hours of operation.) The battery contacts are spring loaded to prevent "rattle" as the unit is handled.

Frequency Selection

The transmitter section uses a synthesized, frequency selectable main oscillator. The frequency is extremely stable over a wide temperature range and over time. Two 16-position rotary switches, located under the battery door, provide 256 frequencies in 100 kHz steps over a 26.5 MHz range. This alleviates most carrier interference problems in mobile or traveling applications.

Circulator/Isolator

The RF output circuit includes a one way circulator/isolator using magnetically polarized ferrite. This device greatly reduces RF intermodulation produced when multiple transmitters are used at separations of less than five feet. Circulator/isolators also provide addi-

tional RF protection for the output stage, but they are rarely used in wireless microphone transmitters due to the considerable expense.

Antenna

The highly efficient antenna uses the lower half of the printed circuit boards as one radiating element, with the upper half of the PC boards and the mic capsule as the other half of the dipole configuration. This allows the mic to be held in any position, since the user's hands have little or no effect on the radiated power.

Microphone Element

The UT handheld transmitter is available with any of three capsule types: the VMC cardioid condenser, the VMO omni condenser and the VMS super-cardioid condenser. All three are mounted with tuned suspensions in order to eliminate handling noise. Each capsule is also mated with the unique VariMic™ preamp arrangement allowing for custom-tailoring the frequency response based on application.

Controls and Functions

Power On/Off Switch

A Power On/Off switch located on the outside bottom of the unit turns the unit on and off. The function of the Power On/Off Switch can also be changed so it also operates as an audio mute switch. In this configuration, the Power LED doubles as a battery status indicator (in the unmute or On position) and an audio mute/unmute indicator (in the muted or Off position). (See *Operating Instructions, Power Switch Function Selection.*) These functions are illustrated in the chart below:

The user-selected configuration of the On/Off switch is stored in the unit's memory and persists until reconfigured by the user.

The switch can be configured for Normal (power) On/Off mode or for Audio Mute mode. If the UT Power On/Off Switch has been configured for Audio Mute Mode, it is still possible to turn off the transmitter without removing the battery. This is done by placing the switch in the On position, then toggling the switch three times in less than five seconds, ending in the Off position.

Power LED

Whether in normal, mute or locked mode, the Power LED will indicate the battery level when the unit is powered up.

The Power LED indicates the battery status when the unit is powered up with the Power On/Off switch configured for normal operation. The Power LED glows green when the battery is good. The color changes to red when there is about 30 minutes of operation left with a lithium battery. (An alkaline battery will have about 20 minutes of life left.)

In the Normal Mode, the LED blinks red briefly when the switch is turned off, then the LED goes out as the power is turned off.

NOTE: A LiPolymer rechargeable battery gives little or no warning when it is depleted. If you use LiPolymer batteries in the UT, we recommend trying fully charged batteries first, noting the length of time that the batteries will run the unit and in the future use somewhat less than that time to determine when the battery needs to be replaced.



When first installed, a weak battery will sometimes cause the Power LED to glow green, but will soon discharge to the point where the LED will blink red or shut off completely.

When Power On/Off switch is configured for Audio Mute Mode, the Power LED indicates battery status when the switch is set to On. However, when the Power On/Off switch is configured for Audio Mute Mode and set to Off, the Power LED will slowly double blink green to indicate that the unit's audio is muted. (See *Operating Instructions, Power Switch Function Selection.*)

Compatibility Modes

The Power LED is used to indicate Compatibility Mode. To identify the current Compatibility Mode, as part of the powerup sequence, the Power LED will blink:

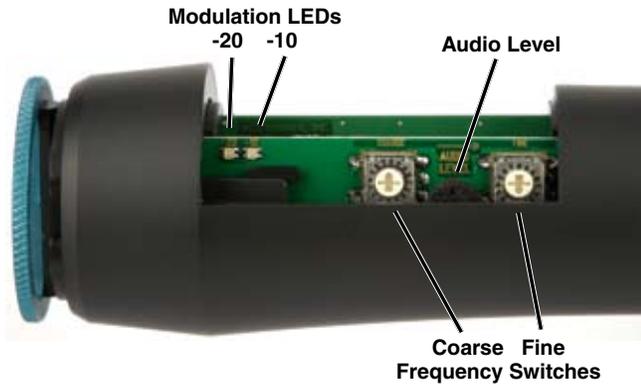
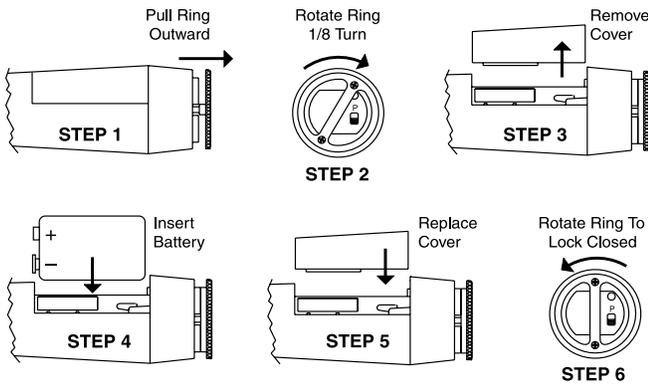
- Four times for 400 Series mode
- Five times for IFB Series mode

*This mode works with analog receivers from other manufacturers. Contact Lectrosonics for a complete list of non-Lectrosonics compatible receivers.

Frequency Switches

Two 16-position rotary switches (located under the battery door) adjust the operating frequency of the transmitter. The Coarse switch adjusts the frequency in 1.6 MHz steps and the Fine switch adjusts the frequency in 100 kHz steps.

Opening the Battery Compartment



The Audio Level control (under the Battery Compartment Cover) is a thumbwheel used to adjust the audio input gain for proper modulation.

Locked Mode

The UT can be placed in a locked mode where the Power switch and the Frequency Switches are disabled. This protects the unit from accidental power-off or mis-adjustment after it has been prepared for use.

To enter locked mode, toggle the Power switch Off then On again rapidly three times. The sequence must start with the Power Switch in the On position. Set the Power Switch to On, then initiate the Locked Mode sequence, i.e., Off-On-Off-On-Off-On). Each toggle must take no longer than two seconds and there cannot be more than ten seconds between toggles.

During the first two toggles, the Power LED will behave normally, blinking slowly red while the switch is in the off position to warn that the power will go off, then returning to normal battery status indication when the switch is set to On again. After the third toggle, the Power LED will go out briefly, then blink the code that indicates the current Compatibility Mode, just as it does when the unit is first powered on. The Power LED going out briefly followed by this blinking code serves as a confirmation that the switches are now locked.

NOTE: The Locked Mode can only be cleared by removing the battery. Removing the battery bypasses the normal power-off delay circuit, so it may cause loud noise at the receiver output.

Modulation (audio level) LEDs

The two bicolor Modulation LEDs (located under the Battery Compartment Cover) provide a visual indication of the audio signal level to the microphone. These LEDs can glow either red or green to indicate modulation levels as shown in the following chart.

Signal Level	-20 LED	-10 LED
Less than -20 dB	● Off	● Off
-20 dB to -10 dB	● Green	● Off
-10 dB to +0 dB	● Green	● Green
+0 dB to +10 dB	● Red	● Green
Greater than +10 db	● Red	● Red

Audio Level Control

VariMic™ Controls

Caution: Due to the high RF levels surrounding the transmitter, the sound of the VariMic™ capsule may be temporarily affected if the metal windscreen is not in place. Always make the final decision about sound balance and quality with the windscreen in place.

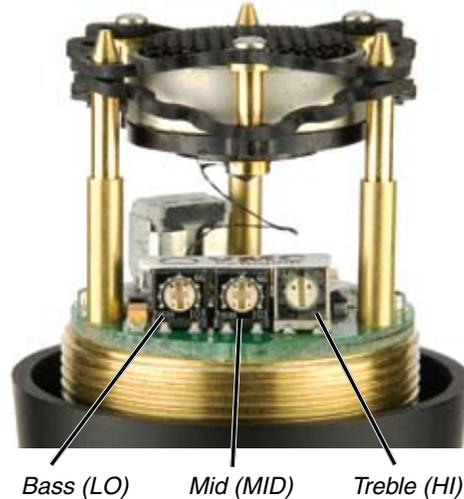
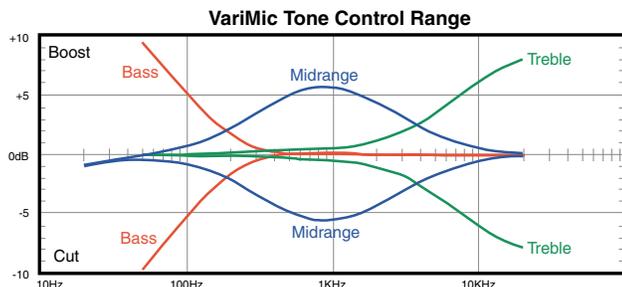
The VariMic™ head includes adjustments for Bass (LO), Midrange (MID) and Treble (HI) response. There is also an attenuation adjustment to provide up to 15 dB of additional headroom if needed.

Tone Control Adjustments

The bass and treble controls will boost/cut by up to 8 dB while the Mid control will boost/cut up to 6 dB. These controls operate as standard tone controls: A counterclockwise adjustment cuts the response in that band and a clockwise adjustment boosts the response. These controls can be accessed by removing the windscreen. To remove the windscreen, grasp the body of the transmitter in one hand and the windscreen in the other hand. Carefully unscrew the windscreen counterclockwise, then carefully slide it up past the microphone capsule and suspension.

Bass/Mid/Treble (LO/MID/HI)

- Set flat, the response comes directly from the capsule, without alteration.
- Bass cut gives a dry but highly intelligible sound. Crisp.
- Bass boost “fattens” the sound but is very listenable. Does not get midbass boomy.
- Midrange cut sounds very smooth. Almost a “crooner” quality. A sweet sound.
- Midrange boost is likely to be useful in a system that is midrange shy.
- Treble cut has a “mellow” sound. These capsules have a solid high end so a little cut does not ruin the response.
- Treble boost might be fine on some sound systems. The sound doesn’t get harsh (showing that the response was smooth) but sibilants may be excessive. Should be used in moderation.



Attenuator Control

The VariMic™ head includes an attenuator to provide an additional 15 dB of headroom in 1 dB steps when needed. The attenuator should only be used when the normal Audio Level control is already turned all the way down and the signal level is still peaking strongly past full modulation (both modulation LEDs blink red often). The attenuator control is a 16-position switch marked “0” through “F”, with minimum attenuation in the “F” setting and maximum attenuation in the “0” setting.

Note: The attenuator should not be used as a level control. The Audio Level control inside the battery compartment is the main level control. Adjust the Attenuator Control only when the Audio Level control is turned completely down and more headroom is still needed. Be sure to set the Preamp Level Control back to its original setting for normal operation.

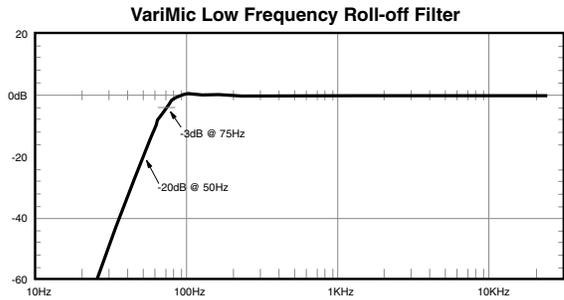


Attenuator Control
(Shown set to “F” for no attenuation)

Subsonic Noise Filter

In addition to the tone controls, the UT also has a built-in subsonic noise (or high pass) filter. This filter is fixed and cannot be adjusted or defeated. Low frequency noise is much more of a problem with wireless microphones than with conventional microphones. With a conventional mic, low frequency wind noise, breath thumps or handling rumble can be filtered out at the control board before the noise causes problems with the following electronics or speaker systems. However, with a wireless microphone, the electronics that will be overdriven are in the microphone itself. Filtering at the control board is too late.

To solve this problem, the VariMic™ has a subsonic noise filter that is so sharp that it can remove low frequency noise without affecting any wanted vocals. It consists of a 36 dB per octave filter circuit to sharply remove low frequency noise below 75 Hz without affecting vocal fundamentals. (For reference, the lowest operatic bass voice fundamental is 82 Hz.)

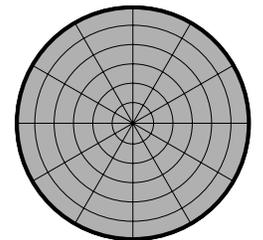


Interchangeable Capsules

Any of these capsules may be included with the UT as a standard option, or they can be ordered separately:

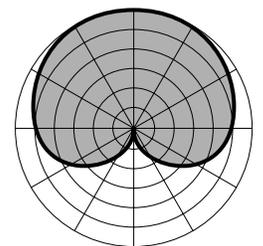
VMO omnidirectional condenser

The omni capsule is perfect when the talent may need to be off-axis, such as in an interview situation. Also, omni capsules by nature are much more immune to handling, popping and wind noise than directional microphones. In addition, this capsule has slightly higher sensitivity than the VMC cardioid capsule.



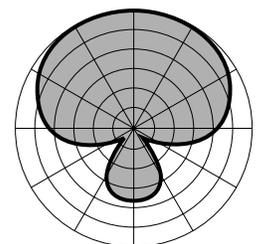
VMC cardioid condenser

This element has excellent frequency and transient response rivaling the top condenser performance microphones on the market. The pickup pattern is a standard cardioid with exemplary off-axis response, allowing the talent to move around the microphone without a change in tone. The extended high-frequency response produces an open, clean sound with excellent intelligibility.



VMS super-cardioid condenser

In applications where maximum gain before feedback is required, the VMS capsule is the right choice. With its nearly perfect super-cardioid pattern, the AKG C5900 capsule rejects sounds from the direct rear and rear sides, while providing a generous frontal "live" area. The VMS is slightly lower in sensitivity when compared to the VMC.



Changing Capsules

1) Remove windscreen



2) Loosen and remove the two socket head bolts that attach the capsule to the microphone body

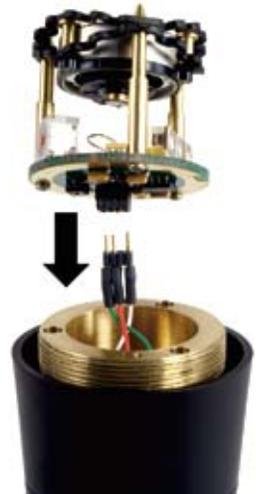


3) Lift capsule assembly

Caution: Avoid damaging the coiled wire under the capsule.



4) Disconnect 3-pin connector



5) Connect new capsule



6) Set new capsule assembly to align the holes for the socket head bolts



7) Insert and tighten both socket head bolts



8) Replace windscreen



Note: Older units may have phillips head bolts. Please use the supplied socket head bolts to install the new capsule.



Operating Instructions

Selecting Compatibility Mode

This transmitter is capable of working with all E/01 Series Lectrosonics Digital Hybrid Wireless® receivers. The transmitter must be set for compatibility with the matching receiver, which is easily done using the supplied screwdriver and a battery.

Note: The unit is supplied from the factory preset to the Digital Hybrid mode.

- 1) Set the audio output controls for the corresponding receiver to minimum.
- 2) Install a good battery in the transmitter. Turn on the transmitter and observe the Power LED to determine the current Compatibility Mode. The Power LED will blink:
 - Four times for 400 Series mode
 - Five times for IFB Series mode
- 3) With a small screwdriver (included with your unit), set the Frequency Switches to "CC" (for Change, Change).



IMPORTANT: When performing the following steps, The transmitter allows ten seconds to set the frequency switches before the next toggle of the power switch. When toggling the power switch, it is not necessary to allow the transmitter to turn off completely. If more than ten seconds elapse between toggles, the mode change will not take effect and you must begin again from step 3.

- 4) Rapidly toggle the Power Switch Off and On. Change the Frequency Switches to one of the following settings:.

- 400 Series mode: 4,4
- IFB Series mode: 5,5

- 5) Rapidly toggle the Power Switch Off and On. Set the Frequency Switches to 0,0.
- 6) Rapidly toggle the Power Switch Off and On.

Observe the Power LED on the bottom panel to verify the compatibility mode for the unit has changed. The Power LED will blink the new compatibility mode. (See Step 2.)

Note: Each time the transmitter is turned on, the Power LED will confirm the current operating mode with the number of blinks listed in Step 2. The mode setting will not change until it is reset with the procedure listed above.

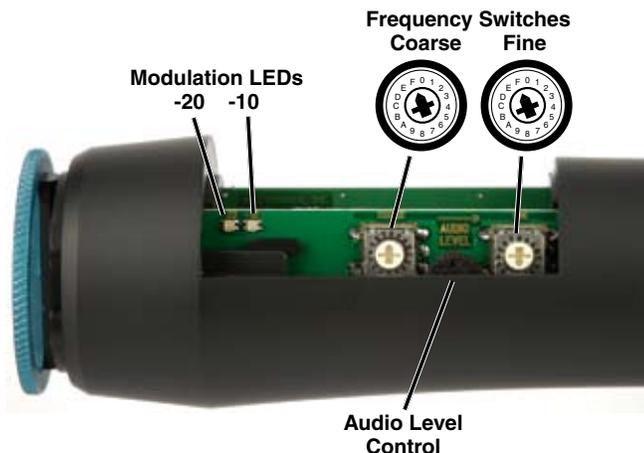
Adjusting the Audio Gain

- 1) Install a good battery in the transmitter. Move the Power Switch to On and observe the Power LED. It should blink the compatibility mode, then glow green.
- 2) Set the Attenuator control to "F" before adjusting the input gain.
- 3) Hold the microphone the way it will be used in actual operation.
- 4) While speaking or singing at the same voice level that will actually be used during the program. Adjust the Audio Level control while observing the Modulation LEDs until the -20 dB LED occasionally flickers red and the -10 dB glows green.

Signal Level	-20 LED	-10 LED
Less than -20 dB	○ Off	○ Off
-20 dB to -10 dB	● Green	○ Off
-10 dB to +0 dB	● Green	● Green
+0 dB to +10 dB	● Red	● Green
Greater than +10 dB	● Red	● Red

Note: If the Audio Level control is at minimum and both Modulation LEDs still blink red frequently, then additional attenuation is needed. Unscrew the windscreen and carefully lift it off the top of the unit. Rotate the Attenuator control counterclockwise from "F" one step at a time until the Modulation LEDs indicate at the desired level.

- 5) Once the audio gain has been set, the signal can be sent through the sound system for overall level adjustments, monitor settings, etc.



On/Off Switch Function Selection

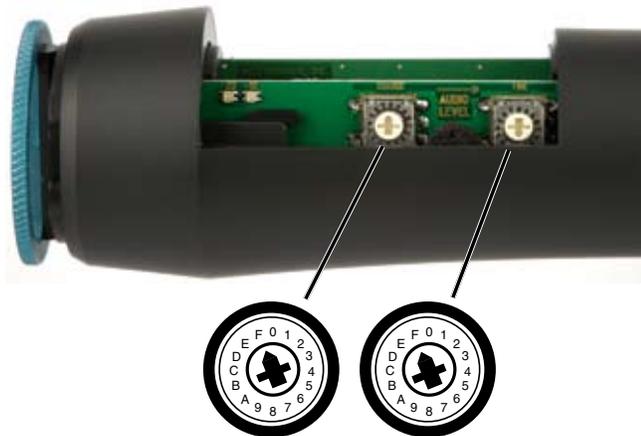
The On/Off switch can be configured to control power or to function as an audio mute switch. When it is configured as an audio mute, the transmitter power can still be turned off by starting with the switch in the On

position, then toggling it three times within five seconds (ending in the Off position).

The Audio Mute mode will persist between power cycles until it is changed with the following procedure. The Power LED slowly double blinks green to indicate that the transmitter is in Audio Mute Mode.

Changing Power Switch Function

- 1) Remove the battery cover and install a battery. Leave the battery cover off the unit for access to the internal switches, and close the ring so the battery will make contact.
- 2) Turn the switch on and verify the battery is good. The LED should glow green continuously.
- 3) Use the small screwdriver to set the Frequency Switches to F,F (Function, Function).



Step 3: Set Frequency switches to positions F,F

- 4) Toggle the Power switch off, then on again, within about a second.
- 5) Set the Switches for the desired configuration from the choices below:
Normal Mode: 1,1
Audio Mute Mode: 2,2
- 6) Toggle the Power switch off, then on again.
- 7) Set the Switches to 0,0.
- 8) Toggle the Power switch off, then on again.

Note: The power LED will blink the code for the selected compatibility mode.

- 9) To confirm the power switch mode, observe the behavior of the LED while turning off the transmitter. Refer to Step 3 in the previous section (Determine Power Switch Function).

Determining Power Switch Function

Use the following procedure to determine the currently selected function for the Power On/Off Switch.

- 1) If the transmitter is turned off, set the Power Switch On and observe the Power LED to confirm that a good battery is installed.
- 2) After the power up sequence completes, place the POWER On/Off switch in the Off position and observe the Power LED.
- 3) If the Power LED slowly double blinks green, the the Switch is in Audio Mute Mode and the power is still turned on. If the LED blinks red briefly, then goes out, the switch is in Normal mode (turns the power on and off).

Battery Installation

The transmitter is powered by a standard alkaline, lithium or LiPolymer rechargeable 9 Volt battery. Alkaline batteries will provide about 3.5 hours of operation, a lithium battery about 6.5 hours, and a LiPolymer battery about 4 hours per charge.

Note: The battery status lamp will function normally only with alkaline or lithium batteries. Standard zinc-carbon batteries marked “heavy duty” or “long-lasting” are not adequate, since they will only provide about 30 minutes of operation.

LiPolymer rechargeable batteries work fine, but they run down quite abruptly, so the LED on the transmitter will not give you adequate warning before the battery stops working. There are, however, a number of Lectrosonics receivers that incorporate a Battery Timer function which tracks the amount of time the transmitter signal is detected. Refer to your receiver manual to determine if this function is available, and for instructions on measuring the battery life and using the timer. After measuring the battery life in advance, the timer will display the operating time and give you plenty of warning.

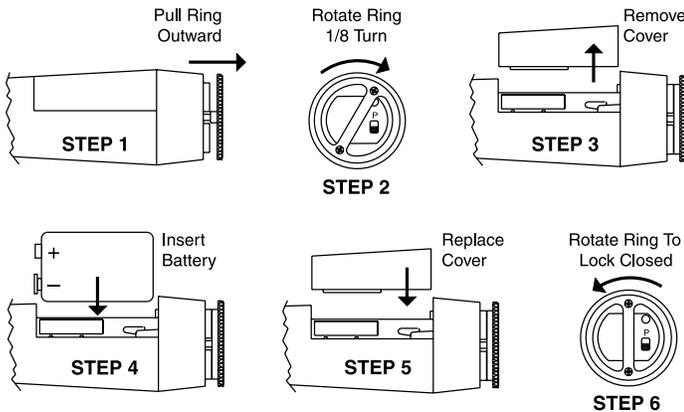
The battery compartment is located in the lower section of the transmitter, between the two printed circuit boards. Follow the steps illustrated to install a fresh battery.

Note the two differently sized holes in the battery contact pad inside the Battery Compartment. Insert the battery so that the large hole in the battery contact pad will line up with the large contact on the battery. A spring-loaded plunger in the bottom of the compartment (opposite the contact pad) secures the battery in place.

The battery status is indicated by the Power LED on the bottom panel. The Power LED glows green when a new battery is installed, then changes to red as battery condition deteriorates. It begins blinking red as the battery nears depletion. Battery status is also displayed on the front panel LCD of some Lectrosonics receivers. See the associated receiver manual for further details.

If the power switch has been configured to function as an audio mute switch, the LED will double blink green slowly when the switch is turned off, and the power will remain turned on.

Note: It is possible to insert the battery backwards and still be able to close the battery door. No damage will occur but the transmitter will not operate in this condition.



Operating Notes

The Audio Level control **should not** be used to control the volume of the overall sound system or recorder levels. This gain adjustment is used to match the transmitter gain with the user's voice level and microphone position.

If the audio level is too high — both Modulation LEDs glow red frequently. This condition will reduce the dynamic range of the audio signal.

If the audio level is too low — neither Modulation LED will glow, or only the -20 LED will glow green. This condition may cause hiss and noise in the audio.

Different voices will usually require different settings of the Audio Level control, so check the Audio Level settings as each new person uses the UT. If several different people will be using the same UT and there is not time to make the adjustment for each individual, adjust it for the loudest voice.

Adjusting the Transmitter Frequency

If you are experiencing interference from another signal on your operating frequency, you may need to change the operating frequency of your system. This is done through two Frequency Switches located under the Battery Compartment Cover.

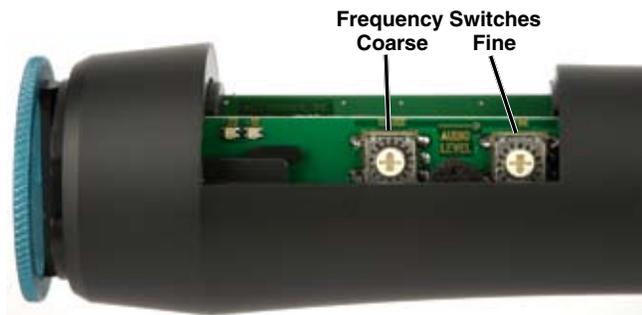
The left switch is for coarse frequency adjustment, and it increments the operating frequency in 1.6 MHz steps. The right switch is for fine frequency adjustment and it increments the operating frequency in 100 kHz steps.

All Lectrosonics Digital Hybrid receivers (and a number of earlier receivers) offer front panel LCDs that indicate the correct transmitter switch settings, and provide built-in scanning functions to help locate clear channels. Use the scanning functions on these receivers to find a clear channel, then switch both the receiver and transmitter to the newly found frequency.

The R400A and Venue Series receivers feature a convenient SmartTune™ function that automatically scans to locate a clear operating channel and sets the receiver to that frequency.

If your receiver does not have an automatic tuning or built in scanning function, leave the transmitter turned off and manually tune the receiver across its band to a frequency where little or no RF activity is displayed.

After finding a clear channel, set the transmitter to the new frequency, turn it on and make sure the RF signal is strongly indicated at the receiver. Be sure the switch settings on the receiver and transmitter are set exactly the same. If, for example, the 100K switch is one click above or below the desired frequency, the receiver will indicate RF, but no audio (or severely distorted audio) will be produced.



Troubleshooting

SYMPTOM

POSSIBLE CAUSE

UT POWER LED OFF

- 1) Battery is inserted backwards.
- 2) Battery is dead, or too low to be used.

UT MODULATION LEDs OFF

- 1) Audio Level control turned all the way down.
- 2) Battery is in backwards. Check Power LED.
- 3) Mic capsule is damaged or malfunctioning. Contact the factory for repair.
- 4) Attenuator on VariMic™ preamp board is set for too much attenuation.

RECEIVER RF INDICATOR OFF

- 1) UT not turned on.
- 2) Battery is dead or installed backwards
- 3) Receiver antenna missing or improperly positioned.
- 4) UT and receiver not on same frequency. Check labels on UT and receiver to be sure they are operating on the same frequency block.
- 5) Operating range is too great.

NO SOUND BUT RECEIVER AUDIO LEVEL METER INDICATES SOUND

- 1) Receiver audio is muted.
- 2) Receiver audio output levels set to low.
- 3) Receiver audio output is disconnected or cable defective or miswired.
- 4) Sound system or recorder input is turned down.

DISTORTED SOUND

- 1) UT Audio Level control set too high. Speak or sing into the UT and check the UT Audio Level LEDs and corresponding indicators on the receiver.
- 2) Receiver output level may be too high for the sound system or recorder input.
- 3) If the input gain (audio level control) is all the way down and signal peaks are still too high (both mod level LEDs red), increase attenuation in the capsule with the Attenuator control.
- 3) Excessive wind noise or breath “pops.” Microphone may require an additional wind screen.
- 4) RF feedback getting into VariMic™ mic capsule. Ensure that the windscreen is present and screwed down snugly.
- 5) Compatibility Mode mismatch between transmitter and receiver.

HISS AND NOISE -- AUDIBLE DROPOUTS

- 1) UT Audio Level control set too low.
- 2) Receiver antenna missing or obstructed.
- 3) Operating range too great.
- 4) UT Frequency Switches set incorrectly.

EXCESSIVE FEEDBACK

- 1) UT Audio Level control set too high. Check level adjustment, reduce receiver output level, or both.
- 2) Microphone too close to speaker system.
- 3) Move microphone closer to the user's mouth and lower the sound system volume.

Specifications

Operating Frequencies:	Block 470: 470.100 - 495.600 Block 19: 486.400 - 511.900 Block 20: 512.000 - 537.500 Block 21: 537.600 - 563.100 Block 22: 563.200 - 588.700 Block 23: 588.800 - 607.900; 614.100 - 614.300 Block 24: 614.400 - 639.900 Block 25: 640.000 - 665.500 Block 26: 665.600 - 691.100 Block 27: 691.200 - 716.700 Block 28: 716.800 - 742.300 Block 29: 742.400 - 767.900 Block 30: 768.000 - 793.500 Block 31: 793.600 - 819.100 Block 32: 819.200 - 844.700 Block 33: 844.800 - 861.900
	(Frequency usage varies by country)
Frequency selection:	256 frequencies in 100 kHz steps
Channel Separation:	100 kHz
RF Power output:	50 mW (nominal)
Pilot tone:	25 to 32 kHz frequency (400 Series Compatibility Mode only); 3 kHz deviation
Frequency stability:	± 0.002%
Deviation:	± 50 kHz (max)
Spurious radiation:	90 dB below carrier
Input limiter:	Dual envelope limiter, >30 dB range
Gain control range:	43 dB; semilog rotary control
Modulation indicators:	Dual bicolor LEDs indicate modulation of -20, -10, 0 and +10 dB referenced to full modulation.
Low frequency roll-off:	-3 dB @ 70 Hz, 36 dB/octave
Audio frequency response (overall system):	80 Hz to 20 kHz (+/- 1 dB)
Controls:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2 position "OFF-ON" slide Power switch for noiseless turn on/off operation. • Audio Level Control in Battery Compartment adjusts audio gain. Two rotary switches in • Battery Compartment adjust transmitter operating frequency.
Battery:	Precision compartment auto-adjusts to accept any known alkaline 9 Volt battery.
Battery Life:	3.5 hours (alkaline); 6.5 hours (lithium); 4 hours (LiPolymer rechargeable)
Weight:	12.4 oz. with VariMic™ capsule and lithium battery
Dimensions:	9" long x 2.05" diameter at largest point

Emission Designator: 180KF3E

Specifications subject to change without notice.

Service and Repair

If your system malfunctions, you should attempt to correct or isolate the trouble before concluding that the equipment needs repair. Make sure you have followed the setup procedure and operating instructions. Check the interconnecting cables and then go through the **Troubleshooting** section in this manual.

We strongly recommend that you **do not** try to repair the equipment yourself and **do not** have the local repair shop attempt anything other than the simplest repair. If the repair is more complicated than a broken wire or loose connection, send the unit to the factory for repair and service. Don't attempt to adjust any controls inside the units. Once set at the factory, the various controls and trimmers do not drift with age or vibration and never require readjustment. **There are no adjustments inside that will make a malfunctioning unit start working.**

LECTROSONICS' Service Department is equipped and staffed to quickly repair your equipment. In warranty repairs are made at no charge in accordance with the terms of the warranty. Out-of-warranty repairs are charged at a modest flat rate plus parts and shipping. Since it takes almost as much time and effort to determine what is wrong as it does to make the repair, there is a charge for an exact quotation. We will be happy to quote approximate charges by phone for out-of-warranty repairs.

Returning Units for Repair

For timely service, please follow the steps below:

- A.** DO NOT return equipment to the factory for repair without first contacting us by email or by phone. We need to know the nature of the problem, the model number and the serial number of the equipment. We also need a phone number where you can be reached 8 A.M. to 4 P.M. (U.S. Mountain Standard Time).
- B.** After receiving your request, we will issue you a return authorization number (R.A.). This number will help speed your repair through our receiving and repair departments. The return authorization number must be clearly shown on the **outside** of the shipping container.
- C.** Pack the equipment carefully and ship to us, shipping costs prepaid. If necessary, we can provide you with the proper packing materials. UPS is usually the best way to ship the units. Heavy units should be "double-boxed" for safe transport.
- D.** We also strongly recommend that you insure the equipment, since we cannot be responsible for loss of or damage to equipment that you ship. Of course, we insure the equipment when we ship it back to you.

Lectrosonics USA:

Mailing address:

Lectrosonics, Inc.
PO Box 15900
Rio Rancho, NM 87174
USA

Shipping address:

Lectrosonics, Inc.
581 Laser Rd.
Rio Rancho, NM 87124
USA

Telephone:

(505) 892-4501
(800) 821-1121 Toll-free
(505) 892-6243 Fax

Web:

www.lectrosonics.com

E-mail:

sales@lectrosonics.com

Lectrosonics Canada:

Mailing Address:

49 Spadina Avenue,
Suite 303A
Toronto, Ontario M5V 2J1

Telephone:

(416) 596-2202
(877) 753-2876 Toll-free
(877-7LECTRO)
(416) 596-6648 Fax

E-mail:

Sales: colinb@lectrosonics.com
Service: joeb@lectrosonics.com



Opinion Number: R0811245

DIRECTIVE 1999/5/EC
NOTIFIED BODY STATEMENT OF OPINION
Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp.

Date of Issue:	2009-04-03
Applicant Details:	Lectrosonics, Inc. 581 Laser Road, Rio Rancho, NM 87124, USA
Model:	UT-E01
Equipment Type:	Handheld FM Transmitter
Serial Number:	1830
Network Interface:	N/A
Frequency Range:	Low Band: 470.1-495.6 MHz Mid Band: 965.6-491.1 MHz High Band: 844.8-862.0 MHz
RF Output Power:	2Watt (ERP)
Modulation Type:	FM
Antenna Type:	External Antenna (RNC Connection)
Notified Body (133):	Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. 1274 Arrowood Ave, Sunnyvale, CA 94089, USA Tel: 1-408-732-9162 Fax: 1-408-732-9164 www.baclcorp.com

Essential Requirements	Specifications / Standards	Report Identification	Results
Radio Spectrum, Article 3.2	EN 300 422 v1.2.2 (2008-03)	R0811245-422A	Compliant
EMC, Article 3.1(b)	EN 301 489-9 v1.4.1 (2007-11) EN 301 489-1 v1.3.1 (2008-04)	R0811245-12	Compliant
Safety, Article 3.1(a)	EN 60950-1:2001+A11:2004	R0811245-3A	Compliant

Our opinion is in accordance with Annex IV of Council Directive 1999/5/EC on radio equipment and telecommunications equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity is that the apparatus identified above **complies** with the requirements of that directive stated above.

Marking: It is recommended that the product bear the CE mark, the notified body number(s) as depicted to the right, only when all the essential requirements have been met, and a Manufacturer's Declaration of Conformity (EN 42014) has been filed with the European Commission.



Number of Annexes to this statement: 1

Authorized by: 
John Chan, Technical Expert

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp 1274 Arrowood Ave, Sunnyvale, CA 94089, U.S.A.
Tel: 408/732-9162 Fax: 408/732-9164



EU Declaration of Conformity

LECTROSONICS, INC.
581 Laser Road
Rio Rancho, NM 87124 USA

Declare under our sole responsibility that the following products,

UT-E01, Handheld Transmitter

to which this Declaration relates, are in conformity with the following requirements:

Radio Spectrum R&TTE 1999/5/EEC, Article 3.2
Standard: EN 300 422 v1.2.2 (2008-03)
BACL test reports: R0811245-422A

EMC Directive 89/336/EEC, Article 3.1(b)
Standard: EN 301 489-9 v1.4.1 (2007-11) EN 301 489-9 v1.4.1 (2008-04)
BACL reports: R0811245-12

Safety/Low Voltage Directive 1999/5/EC, Article 3.1(a)
Standard: EN 60950-1: 2001+A11.1:2004
BACL reports: R0811245-3A

Signed:  Date: 12/09/2009

Name: RUSSET CORNING

Title: VP ENGINEERING

Postal address:
LECTROSONICS, INC., PO Box 15900, Rio Rancho, NM 87174 USA

LIMITED ONE YEAR WARRANTY

The equipment is warranted for one year from date of purchase against defects in materials or workmanship provided it was purchased from an authorized dealer. This warranty does not cover equipment which has been abused or damaged by careless handling or shipping. This warranty does not apply to used or demonstrator equipment.

Should any defect develop, Lectrosonics, Inc. will, at our option, repair or replace any defective parts without charge for either parts or labor. If Lectrosonics, Inc. cannot correct the defect in your equipment, it will be replaced at no charge with a similar new item. Lectrosonics, Inc. will pay for the cost of returning your equipment to you.

This warranty applies only to items returned to Lectrosonics, Inc. or an authorized dealer, shipping costs prepaid, within one year from the date of purchase.

This Limited Warranty is governed by the laws of the State of New Mexico. It states the entire liability of Lectrosonics Inc. and the entire remedy of the purchaser for any breach of warranty as outlined above. NEITHER LECTROSONICS, INC. NOR ANYONE INVOLVED IN THE PRODUCTION OR DELIVERY OF THE EQUIPMENT SHALL BE LIABLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, PUNITIVE, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF THE USE OR INABILITY TO USE THIS EQUIPMENT EVEN IF LECTROSONICS, INC. HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE LIABILITY OF LECTROSONICS, INC. EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE OF ANY DEFECTIVE EQUIPMENT.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights. You may have additional legal rights which vary from state to state.

